

2018年度

帰国生入試 B方式

時間50分 100点満点

# 英 語

## 受験上の注意

1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子を開いてはいけません。
2. 実施時間は50分で、100点満点です。時間配分に注意して解答してください。
3. 解答は解答用紙にていねいに記入してください。
4. 解答用紙・問題用紙両方に、受験番号、座席番号、名前を記入してください。座席番号は、机に貼ってある番号のことです。
5. 試験中は携帯電話の電源を必ず切ってください。
6. 私語や物の貸し借りなどは認めていません。困ったことがある場合は、手をあげて先生に相談しその指示に従ってください。

受験番号 \_\_\_\_\_ 座席番号 \_\_\_\_\_

名 前 \_\_\_\_\_

聖学院高等学校

[I] 次の単語の反意語を書きなさい。(1点×15)

- (1) destroy      (2) poor      (3) uncle      (4) lose      (5) give  
(6) thin      (7) heavy      (8) old      (9) fast      (10) north  
(11) cheap      (12) noisy      (13) bright      (14) clean      (15) dangerous

[II] 次の単語の同意語をそれぞれ一つ書きなさい。(1点×5)

- (1) assist      (2) construct      (3) journey      (4) kid      (5) tiny

[III] 空所にあてはまる語を下の□から選び、番号で答えなさい。  
ただし選択肢は1度しか使えません。(2点×15)

A

- (1) Betty likes all types of music. She (      ) enjoys jazz.  
(2) It was cold and rainy all weekend, but the sun (      ) came out on Monday.  
(3) Ted used to drive everywhere, but (      ) he walks or rides his bike.  
(4) My father (      ) takes a bath after running.  
(5) Have you (      ) been to Paris?

1. ever    2. especially    3. finally    4. nowadays    5. usually

B

- (1) Matthew is a famous movie (      ). Actors like working with him because his movies are always very popular.  
(2) A (      ) is a son of your brother or sister.  
(3) A (      ) is someone you like very much.  
(4) The doctor told his (      ) to take the medicine every day.  
(5) He is a (      ) of English literature at a university.

1. nephew    2. director    3. patient    4. friend    5. professor

C

- (1) There was a large (      ) at the concert.  
(2) I invited Mr. Tsunoda to the party as a (      ).  
(3) There was only one (      ) on the bus.  
(4) The lawyer was waiting for his (      ).  
(5) A (      ) is a person who buys things at a store.

1. audience    2. client    3. customer    4. guest    5. passenger

[IV]空所に入る語として適当なものを選び、記号で答えなさい。(2点×10)

(1) ( ) are you going to stay here? -For a week.

A: When      B: How long      C: How much      D: How often

(2) There is ( ) water in this bottle.

A: few      B: many      C: no      D: a few

(3) A: Who ( ) the book about Chinese history to the students?

B: Ken's father did.

A: read      B: reads      C: was reading      D: did he read

(4) You have not cleaned your room ( ).

A: just now      B: already      C: yesterday      D: yet

(5) Our soccer team didn't have a game yesterday. The bad weather was the ( ).

A: answer      B: reason      C: place      D: newspaper

(6) The museum has an old doll made ( ) a piece of rock..

A: by      B: in      C: into      D: of

(7) Woman: I'm hungry. Shall we go out for dinner?

Man: ( ) I know a nice restaurant.

A: OK.      B: You're welcome.      C: Yes, please.      D: No, not yet.

(8) Thank you for ( ) my sister.

A: help      B: to help      C: helping      D: helped

(9) My uncle lives in a town ( ) a beautiful park.

A: which have      B: that has      C: who has      D: that is

(10) Do you know where ( ) last night?

A: does he go      B: did he go      C: he goes      D: he went

[V] 次の英文を読み、後の質問に対する答えとして適当なものの一つを選び、番号で答えなさい。(3点×5)

Mike often visits his grandmother, and enjoy spending time together. But last month she became sick. She had to leave home and go to a hospital for old people. Mike was worried. When he visited the hospital, however, his grandmother looked happy. She was able to get out of bed and show Mike around.

Mike was surprised to see pets in some of the rooms. One old man had a yellow bird in his room. The bird was singing, and the old man looked very happy. In another room, an old lady was feeding some fish. Then, in the television room, Mike was very surprised when a young man walked towards them with a dog. He stopped and said hello to Mike and his grandmother.

“Do you often bring your dog here?” Mike asked him. “Once a week,” he answered. “I’m a volunteer at this hospital. I bring my dog Pochi here because the patients like seeing him and playing with him. We stay here about two hours every Saturday.”

The young man told Mike that animals are good for sick people. When patients talk to pets, they feel happier. Patients can keep birds and fish at the hospital, but they can’t keep big pets. They look forward to visits from volunteers, because they can talk with the volunteers and play with their cats and dogs.

Mike’s grandmother smiled and said, “This place is like a zoo sometimes. I really like that!”

(1) Why was Mike worried?

1. Because his grandmother couldn’t get out of bed.
2. Because his grandmother wasn’t very happy to see him.
3. Because his grandmother visited her at home for two hours.
4. Because his grandmother was sick and had to go to a hospital.

(2) What did Mike and his grandmother see in the television room?

1. They saw a young man and a dog.
2. They saw an old man and a bird.
3. They saw an old lady and some fish.
4. They saw a young lady and a cat.

(3) When does the volunteer with the dog come to the hospital?

1. He comes every day.
2. He comes once a month.
3. He comes on Saturdays.
4. He comes twice a week.

- (4) Why are pets good for sick people at the hospital?
1. Because people can enjoy singing to their pets.
  2. Because people feel happier when they are with pets.
  3. Because people feel good when they become volunteers.
  4. Because people can get sick from being around animals.
- (5) What can the patients do with the volunteers?
1. They can keep the volunteers' dogs and cats.
  2. They can leave the hospital.
  3. They can go to other hospitals with the volunteers.
  4. They can talk to the volunteers and play with their pets.

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[VI] 次の英文を読み、後の質問に対する答えとして適切なものを一つ選び、番号で答えなさい。(3点×5)

As everyone knows, Helen Keller overcame blindness and deafness and became a famous writer and leader. But the life of Helen Keller's lifelong teacher and friend, Anne Sullivan, is just as amazing. Helen grew up in a wealthy home with loving parents who wanted to help her, but Anne was from a poor family. She didn't even go to school until she was 14.

Anne was born in Massachusetts in 1866. When she was five, a disease damaged her eyes, leaving her nearly blind. Her mother died when she was nine, and her father sent Anne and Jimmie, her younger brother, to an orphanage. Sadly, Jimmie was sick and died just a few months later. Because of her blindness, Anne received no formal education while she was at the orphanage.

Anne really wanted to go to school. She heard about a school for blind children, and when a city official visited the orphanage, she begged him to send her there. Her efforts were successful, and at 14 she entered the Perkins School for Blind. At first it was hard for Anne because the other students laughed at her lack of knowledge. However, she made quick progress and soon grew to love reading and writing. In 1882, Anne received an operation that greatly improved her eyesight.

She graduated from Perkins at the top of her class in 1886. Soon after, Helen's parents wrote to the school, asking for help in finding a teacher. Anne accepted the challenge of teaching the little girl who could not see, hear, or speak. Anne spent the rest of her life with Helen until her death in 1936. There is no doubt that Hellen Keller is more famous, but she herself said that she owed everything to her teacher, Anne Sullivan.

(1) What is one difference between Helen Keller and Anne Sullivan?

1. Helen was from a rich family.
2. Helen's life was more unusual.
3. Anne's family was more helpful.
4. Anne was a famous writer.

(2) Because Anne was nearly blind, she

1. had to take lessons with a teacher at home.
2. was sent away from home when her brother died.
3. was not able to help her father when he became sick.
4. did not get a formal education at the orphanage.

- (3) What did Anne ask the city official to do?
1. Teach her how to read and write.
  2. Send her to a different orphanage.
  3. Let her go to a school for blind children.
  4. Help her get an operation to improve her sight.
- (4) What did Anne do soon after her graduation?
1. She wrote to her teacher about Helen.
  2. She agreed to become Helen's teacher.
  3. She decided to study at Helen's school.
  4. She asked Helen's parents to help her find a job.
- (5) Which of the following statements is true?
1. Anne was born and grew up in a wealthy home.
  2. Anne became blind after an operation in a hospital.
  3. Anne didn't receive any formal education whole her life.
  4. Anne spent her life with Helen for about fifty years.

問題はこのページで終わりです。

2018年度 帰国生入試 B方式

英語・解答用紙

聖学院高等学校

受験番号		座席番号		名前		※
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[I]

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)

[II]

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
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[III]

<b>A</b>	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
<b>B</b>	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
<b>C</b>	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)

[IV]

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
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[V]

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
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[VI]

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
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